The Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME 48. THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 15, 1833. NUMBER 105.

Edited and Published by Neville B. Craig, near the South West corner of the Diamond—at $6 per annum, in advance. ☞The Gazette is also published weekly, (on an elephant sheet,) at $2 per annum, in advance; or, $3 at the end of the year.—No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid. ☞Advertisements published on liberal terms.

JUST RECEIVED

And for Sale by ALEX. BAILIE, corner of Market and Third streets,

OLD L. P. MADEIRA, in bottles and on draught;
Pale Sherry, Lobo Brand;
Brown do. very rich;
Golden do. do.;
Grape Juice Port, very rich;
Old L. P. Teneriffe;
Old Cette Madeira;
Lisbon, very superior;
Malmsey Madeira, very rich;
Champagne, celebrated Anchor Brand;
Claret, Leo Ville, and St. Julian, very superior;
Old Hock, 1811;
Sauterne, very fine;
Also, Superior Old Virgin and Champagne Brandy;
Holland Gin, Old and Genuine;
Jamaica Spirits;
All of which are offered at reduced prices--apply as above. May 14---tf

CITY DISPENSARY,

Physicians' Prescription, and

FAMILY MEDICINE STORE,

S. E. corner of the Diamond and Market street,
PITTSBURGH.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that the above establishment is now in complete operation.

Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Medicines will be carefully prepared, and put up with accuracy and despatch, at all hours, day and night.

The subscribers flatter themselves, from their knowledge in the Prescription and Apothecary Business, that they will be enabled to render general satisfaction. Their medicines have been selected with great care, and will at all times be subject to the inspection of the Physicians of the city.

J. B. COCHRAN,
THOMAS MILLER,
Acting Partner of the late firm of Thompson & Miller.

N. B.—The Dispensary will be accessible on Sundays. March 15—tf

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

TO BOTTLERS.

PORTER, Pint Porter, and Claret Bottles—received on consignment, and for sale, by the gross at No. 81, Wood street, or dozen, by

THOMPSON & SCOTT.

☞N. B.—A lot of second hand Oil and Alcohol Barrels, for sale very low.

May 14, 1833.

FAMILY FLOUR,

CONSTANTLY kept for sale by
CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE,
No. 8, Market street.

march 8, 1833.

5000 LBS. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
600 lbs. Candlewick;
Carded Cotton;
Carpet Yarn and Coverlet Yarn.
Sattinet Warps.

For sale by GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd,
January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street.

For Sale,

DRAFTS on Wheeling, Cincinnati, and Louisville, at par, payable at sight.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 48, Wood street,
Pittsburgh. March 12.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 21, 1831.—tf

Saddlers' Tacks and Sparables.

60 BOXES assorted sizes, received from the manufacturer, and for sale at *eastern prices*, by JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.

April 19, 1833---tf

STONE'S Letters on Masonry and Anti-Masonry—Just received and for sale at

S. J. SYLVESTER'S,
April 9. Corner of Wood and Third streets.

OFFICE for the purchase and sale of Gold, Silver, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Stocks, &c.; No. 68 WOOD STREET. Western, and every description of Bank Note Paper, purchased at a low rate of discount.

WANTED,

Doubloons, Sovereigns, Guineas, Napoleons, Thalers, Eagles, Louisd'ors, Bank of England Notes, at high premiums.

6 per cent. allowed on Special Deposits, in sums not less than $100, to remain 30 days or more. Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

GEO. A: COOK, Exchange Broker.
April 9, 1833.

HERBS.

AN assortment of carefully dried Medicinal and Culinary Herbs; put up in the neatest manner by the Shakers, among which are Lemon Balm, Hoarhound, Catnep, Peppermint, Spearmint, Pennyroyal, Rue, Sage, Tanzey, Summer Savory, Thoroughmost Hyssop, Sweet Marjorum, Wormwood, Digitalis, Lobelia, Inflata, Slippery Elm Bark, &c. &c. Just received and for sale by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.,
Corner of Fifth and Market streets.
April 23--tf

REMOVAL.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF PAPER AND PAPER HANGINGS, have removed their Store from the corner of Third and Wood Streets to No. 80 Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, where they continue to keep on hand a General Assortment of

Writing, Wrapping, Printing, and Wall PAPER.

☞Paper of all sizes and descriptions made to order, at the shortest notice.

☞They will also continue to keep on hand a supply of SCHOOL BOOKS, suitable for Country Merchants.

☞The highest market price will always be given for Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow.

May 28, 1833.—tf

J. CHISLETT, PORTRAIT PAINTER,

Penn Street, Corner of Garrison Alley,
PITTSBURGH.

J. C. takes this opportunity of soliciting the patronage of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh, and would be happy to show his specimens to those who may favor him with a call.

May 3—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers, having associated themselves together, under the firm of

Darlington & Peebles,

(Late B. Darlington) as Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

No. 51 Market, between 3d & 4th streets,

Where they now have, and are receiving a general and splendid assortment of Cutlery, Plated and Tinned Saddlery, Plated Castors, do. Candle Sticks, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Shovels and Tongs, Astral, Stand, and Hanging Lamps, Hair Cloth for Sofas; together with all kinds of Birmingham goods, viz: Anvils, Vices, Steel, Mill & Cross Cut Saws, Shovels, Spades, and Axes. All which they offer on the most accommodating terms. Merchants and others are invited to call and examine.

ALSO,

A well selected assortment of Edge Tools,
BENCH AND MOULDING PLANES.
B. DARLINGTON.
ROBERT H. PEEBLES.

N. B. All those that are indebted to B. Darlington, either by Note or Book Account, will please call and settle, with as little delay as possible, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

B. DARLINGTON.

Nov. 20, 1832.---tf.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

A Valuable Remedy for Syphilis, Mercurial, and Scrophulous Diseases.

TWO Table Spoons full of the Fluid Extract, added to fifteen ounces of Simple Syrup, immediately produces a mixture similar to a pound of the Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and the same quantity added to fifteen ounces of water, instantly forms a mixture equivalent to a pint of Lisbon Diet Drink.

ALSO,

GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S

Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder, Chronic Gonorrhoea, and Gleets of long standing.

For Sale at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street.

December 4, 1832.—tf

A. LAMONT & Co's Patent Vices:
Fullers' Screws:
Timber Wheel, do.:
Mill, do.:
Mill Spindles:
Blanchard's Cast Steel Corn & Grass Scythes:
Do. German do. do.
Thompson's Sickles—on hand and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market & Water sts.

March 29—tf

LAW NOTICE.

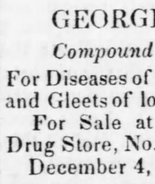
THE Subscribers, having associated in the PRACTICE OF THE LAW, will attend to the duties of their Profession in the county of Allegheny and the adjacent counties. Their Office is in the house recently occupied by T. B. Dallas, Esq., in Liberty street, and opposite to Fifth street, where they may, at all times, be consulted on professional business.

JOHN D. MAHON,
WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

June 4, 1833—tf

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.



CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831--tf

Bibliotheque Choisie de Litterature Francais.

SELECT Library of Modern French Literature.—No. 1 contains "Les Ecorcheurs ou L'usurpation et La Peste, Fragmens Historiques —1418—Par M. Le Vicomte D'Arlincourt."

The above work is published semi monthly—each number contains 60 pages closely printed. Price six dollars per annum, or five paid in advance. Apply to JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
Booksellers, No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. July 23—tf.

Commission and Forwarding Business,

AND GENERAL AGENCY.

THE Subscribers have entered into partnership for the transaction of the above business, at Louisville, in Kentucky.

WILLIAM SRODES,
LEANDER CLARKE.

June 18, 1833—3m

New Stourbridge Glass Works.

J. ROBINSON & SON,

GRATEFUL for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have considerably reduced the prices of their Glass.—They still continue to manufacture all kinds of

FLINT GLASS WARE,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

No. 10, Corner of Ross and Second streets,

where all orders in their line will meet with immediate attention.

A large and general assortment will be kept constantly on hand. Orders can be filled at the shortest notice.

N. B. Terms will be found as low as at any other manufactory in the western country.

Pittsburgh, March 8.—tf.

BOOKS LOST!

5 VOLUMES of Niles' Register, to wit—16, 18, 22, 23, and 26th volumes.

Also, a number of LAW BOOKS.

☞Persons who have any of them, are requested to return them to the office of the subscriber.

W. W. FETTERMAN.

June 4, 1833.

REMOVAL.

TASSEY & CHURCH

HAVE Removed to the extensive Ware-Houses, Numbers 108 and 110, Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets, lately occupied by Messrs. Cochran & Irwin, where they intend keeping constantly on hands, a full supply of all articles in the

GROCERY LINE,

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

JUNIATA IRON AND NAILS, COPPER, TIN PLATE, AND WIRE.

Feb. 12, 1833.—tf

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.--tf

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,
Feb. 14---tf. 76 Front street.

JOHN D. MAHON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FROM CARLISLE, Pa.

HAVING removed to Pittsburgh, will attend to the business of his Profession, in the several Courts of Allegheny and the adjacent Counties. ☞Office, No. 44 Fourth street, near Market. Pittsburgh, Nov. 6.---tf

TO RENT,

10 FRAME HOUSES—pleasantly situated in the village of Croghansville. Possession can be given immediately; rent very low.

Apply to JAMES BLAKELY,
May 24---tf Bayardstown.

VALUABLE LAW LIBRARY.

THE Gentlemen of the Bar are respectfully informed that we have lately received, on consignment, an extensive Law Library, among which are some very valuable Reports. We are instructed to sell the books at the lowest prices.

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.
April 19---tf

FOR RENT,

A FIRST Rate Wagon Tavern Stand. Also, for Rent, several Business Stands, situated in the most public parts of the city. For terms, inquire of DAVID GREER,
Jan. 15, 1833. *Lumber Merchant.*

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnish, ed at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.

may 4, 1832---tf

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash

THE Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash effectually cleanses the teeth and mouth, speedily removes all canker or soreness; likewise, the smell or taste from the use of tobacco, and all that is offensive in the breath; in fine, it preserves the teeth and mouth, in all respects, in a clean and healthy condition. For sale at

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co's
Drug Store, Corner of Fifth and Market street.

Wanted,

SEVERAL Sums of Money on Mortgage, on good property in the City of Pittsburgh. Persons wishing to invest, will please apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, Pittsburgh.
March 12, 1833.

TO PRINTERS.

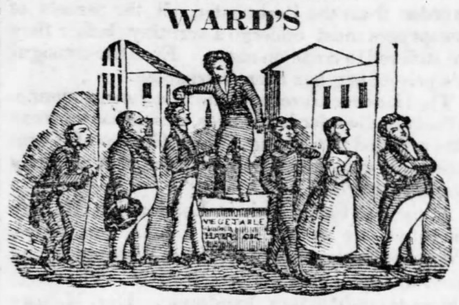
JUST received, one Case of BLANK CARDS —assorted Numbers—for sale cheap by S. J. SYLVESTER, Corner of Wood and Third st's.

May 3, 1833.

Wall Paper and Velvet Borderings.

RECEIVED, this day, a large assortment—embracing the latest eastern patterns, some of which are very elegant—call and examine them, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S,
Corner of Third and Wood streets, late H. Holdship & Son. April 5.

WARD'S



VEGETABLE HAIR OIL.

IN all ages of the world, a beautiful head of hair has been considered the greatest ornament ever bestowed by nature upon the human frame, and indispensably necessary to the perfection of personal beauty. It is a very general complaint of young persons, that their hair is falling off, becoming dry, or unhealthy; this may be owing to the application of improper and injurious oils, or to the entire neglect of the hair. Without proper attention, diseases of the hair will arise, which are often found to occasion thinness, falling off, and frequently total baldness. For these evils, and the necessary inconveniences attending them, Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil will be found in all cases a sure remedy. Before offering this Oil to the public it had been tried in hundreds of cases of baldness, thinness and falling off of the hair, and in every instance its salutary effects have been realized to admiration. It has never failed to produce a new and beautiful growth of hair on heads already bald, and to check that falling off which so often occurs. In cases where it becomes dry and ceases to grow, this Oil will very soon render it healthy, and produce a rapid and beautiful growth, without the least injury to the most delicate head; nor does any falling off follow after using it. That loss of hair, which so often takes place after sickness, may be easily prevented by using this celebrated Oil. In short no Oil has ever been offered to the public that gives such universal satisfaction, and stands the test of experience like Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil.

That the public may rest assured of the salutary effects of this Oil, the following testimonials, from gentlemen of high respectability, are most respectfully submitted:—

Extract of a letter from John A. Wadsworth, M. D., of the city of Providence, R. I. to W. & L. Krumbhaar & Co., of Philadelphia.

Gentlemen: Dr. Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil has gained great repute with us, having restored Hair on heads that have been bald for years, and I have no doubt it will give satisfaction wherever it may be introduced.

Very respectfully,
JOHN A. WADSWORTH.

Messrs. STANLEY & Co., of Baltimore, in writing to Mr. HUNTON, Druggist, in Washington City, say, 'That Letters to them from Druggists in Boston, describe *Ward's Hair Oil* as being highly approved of there, and selling with astonishing rapidity.

Extract of a letter from Harvey Seymour, Druggist, Hartford, Ct., to the Proprietor, dated Hartford, Sept. 14, 1832.

Dear Sir: I find your Hair Oil a valuable article; I was so unfortunate as to lose the Hair from the top of my head, and, from the use of about half a bottle, I find it starting out anew.

HARVEY SEYMOUR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27, 1832.

Dr. WARD—*Dear Sir:* Your Hair Oil, you were good enough to put into my hands when I was in Lowell, has produced the most wonderful effects on my Hair that I ever witnessed. You recollect when I called on you, my Hair had fallen very much, and I was quite bald; I have now a beautiful head of Hair, coming on very rapidly. I hardly know how to express my gratitude to you for the benefit the Oil has afforded me. A number of my friends are very anxious to obtain some of the Oil, and I wish you to send me one dozen bottles of the largest size immediately.

Yours, respectfully,
C. WOOD, M. D.

Extract of a letter from Dr. John A. Wadsworth, of Providence, to the Proprietor.

Esteemed Friend: Your Hair Oil is attended with very promising effects. One of our most respectable citizens, who had been bald for ten years, with a skin as smooth and free from hair as the palm of his hand, has been using the Oil, and fine hair is now coming out on every part of the previously bald scalp.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN A. WADSWORTH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1, 1832.

I certify that about fifteen years ago, my hair began to fall off, and in a few years became so thin that I found it a source of great inconvenience. On seeing Ward's Vegetable Hair Oil advertised in several New York papers, and highly recommended by two medical gentlemen, with whom I was acquainted, I was induced to make trial of it. When I commenced the use of it, I very much doubted its efficacy in my case, having been bald so many years. But I had not tried it long, before I found it to possess the properties which had been attributed to it. I have now as good and healthy a head of hair as I had twenty five years ago. I can cheerfully recommend it to others who have had the misfortune to lose their hair.

G. W. CUNNINGHAM.

BOSTON, Nov 3, 1832.

Dr. WARD—*Sir:* A friend of mine had a bottle of your Hair Oil put into his hand, and using it a short time, the hair began to grow on his head, which was before bald, and he had tried many other remedies in vain.

Yours, respectfully,
C. E. ALLEN.

☞For sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., corner of Sixth and Wood streets, and H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., corner of Fifth and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

April 30---tf.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON

HAVE removed their assortment of WALL PAPERS AND BORDERS, to their Paper Hangings Manufactory, on Ross street, near the Monongahela River, where purchasers will please call. March 22.—tf.

REMOVAL.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

HAVE removed to the corner of Fifth and Market streets, where a general assortment of **Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dyestuffs, &c.&c.** will be constantly kept on hand, and which they offer, wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable erms. April 23—tf

TO RENT,

THE Splendid Store House, at present occupied by *S. J. Sylvester,* corner of Fourth and Wood streets. Possession given on 1st April. For terms, enquire of Dr. E. Hale, Allen Kramer, S. P. Darlington, or

WM. ROBINSON.

January 29, 1833.—tf

TO BE LET,

THE *Centre Building* in the range of Four Story Brick Houses recently erected on Market street, between 4th street and the Diamond. Possession will be given on the first day of January. For terms, apply to the subscriber, or in his absence, to Mr. James B. Irwin.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

November 22, 1832.—tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between ALFRED COCHRAN & JAS. IRWIN, trading under the title of Cochran & Irwin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by James Irwin.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1833. [Jan. 18--tf.]

FRESH DRUGS, &C.

WILLIAM MITCHELTREE & SON, *No. 162, Liberty street, opposite Sixth street,* have recently received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, a fresh supply of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., which they will sell, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

☞They have also for sale, Dye stuffs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c.

July 5, 1833.---swlm&w6m.

PAPER MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscribers, having associated under the firm of C. LUKENS & Co., beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have a Soft Spring Paper Mill in successful operation, three miles from the city of Pittsburgh, where, from the excellence of the situation, which is high, with a free circulation of air, and sufficiently removed from the murky atmosphere of the city, and the long experience of two of the undersigned (Lysle & Tilton) in the manufacturing of Paper, they feel confident of offering to the public Paper not inferior to any made in the western country. The subscribers have a Paper Warehouse, at No. 134 Liberty street, near St. Clair street, where will be always kept on hand,

A Large and General Assortment of

PAPERS,

Which will be offered at very reasonable prices.

☞Orders from the country, or elsewhere, thankfully received, and punctually attended to.

Rags, Scraps, &c. purchased at the highest prices, if delivered at the Warehouse, in Liberty street, or at the Paper Mill, near Lawrenceville.

G. LYSLE,
M. TILTON,
C. LUKENS.

June 25, 1833—tf

WANTED,

20 SHARES of Stock of the old Bank of Pittsburgh, for which $55 per share will be given. Apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.
May 24, 1833.

NOTICE TO HATTERS.

THE Subscriber has the pleasure to inform the public that his establishment has been rebuilt, and that he is now prepared to manufacture *HAT BODIES, on an Improved Plan,* Which, he confidently believes, will give satisfaction to all who may try them.

Said Factory is situated on Water street, in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, a few rods above the Canal, and adjoining the Foundry of M'Clurg, Pratt & Co.

The price for forming and hardening is *eleven dollars* per hundred.

Wool will be taken in payment: Bodies, of our native Wool, kept constantly on hand, for sale.

D. P. INGERSOLL.

☞The other papers of the city, and the Wheeling Gazette, will please insert the above three times. June 11, 1833—tf

CITY BATHS.

J. B. VASHON has the pleasure to inform the Citizens of Pittsburgh, and Visitors here, that his

CITY BATHS,

In Third street, between Market and Ferry streets,

Are now prepared, *in the first rate Style,* for the use of all who may be disposed to enjoy the luxury of bathing.

☞He takes this opportunity to invite the patronage of the Public, and is determined to merit their favor, by the strictest attention to their comfort and gratification.

May 21—3m

FOR SALE,

20 SHARES City Sixes, redeemable in July, 1835. Apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street.
May 24, 1833.

SURVEYING.

Z. W. REMINGTON & LEWIS KEYON will attend to the business of laying out and dividing land. Applications to them will by promptly and accurately executed.

☞Office on Penn street, just above Hand street. July 5, 1833---3m.

20 BOXES Y. H. TEA;
20 do. LEMONS;
Just received and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,
Corner of Market and Water streets.
july 2, 1833.

DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 15, 1833.

OUR MARKET.—There has been but little change during the last week.

Manufactured Tobacco has experienced a rise of 1 cent per lb.—we therefore quote Ladies' Twist, Pittsburgh Manufacture, at 12 1-2 a 13 1-2—Plug, 9 to 9 1-2; Cavendish, 6 1-2 to 7.

Cotton Yarns have advanced 1 cent per per lb. and we have, therefore, put them at 25 to 27 1-2.

A REMINISCENCE.—When the *Pennsylvania* Advocate was commenced, the senior editor managed to print it in Ohio, and send it here for distribution. Now, if the *whole edition* could be transported, it would not seem to be very difficult to send an editorial article. Why then complain that we will not defer our replies until he chooses to leave *home*, and *visit Pittsburgh?*

A FEW FACTS.—In February last, we were under the necessity of traveling to Harrisburgh.—This was the *only time* that we have been absent, more than one day, since the Advocate was established here—that very time was seized, by the editor of the Advocate, to make an attack upon us, and that was the first ill natured passage between us.

The senior editor of the *Pennsylvania* Advocate resides in the *State of Ohio*, and he *occasionally visits* Pittsburgh. He lately commenced a controversy with us, and, when we have made him appear ridiculous, the son exclaims—"Oh, how unchivalric to attack the senior edior while he is absent!"

A DOUBT.—When a man undertakes to edit *two* papers, in *two* different towns, in *two* different states, we doubt whether he has a *right* to complain that he cannot be present at *both* places at the same time.

A COMPLIMENT.—The junior editor of the Advocate offers a bet that the polished, and interesting communication in our paper, of yesterday, was written by ourself or one of our journeymen. Now, we are free to acknowledge that he has entirely overrated our talents, and we have no doubt that our journeymen will, one and all, make a similar acknowledgment.—It may appear incomprehensible to some of our readers, that the junior editor of the Advocate should all at once have formed so exalted an estimate of our talents, and those of our journeymen. The reason, however, is a very simple one. We have made the *senior* editor of the Advocate appear so supereminently ridiculous, in our controversy about the hiring of Callender, the *Mazzei* letter, and the calumnies against Washington, in Bache's paper, that the *junior* editor thinks we or one of our journeymen must possess considerable talents, and a large stock of information.

We recommend the following anecdote to the attention of the junior editor, as illustrative of this matter.

A conceited Chess player, in England, was once playing that game with a Turkish visitor to that country, who beat him most completely. The Englishman consoled himself by exclaiming to the victor—"Truly, you are an admirable player. I never met a Chess player equal to myself before." "Oh!" replied the Turk, "you entirely overrate my skill; you flatter me too much; at Constantinople I am only counted a third rate player. If you had been playing with my friend Mehemet Ali, you would have been still more shamefully beaten."

So we say to the editor of the Advocate—if he had been engaged in a controversy with our correspondent, he would have appeared still more ridiculous in his exposure and defeat.

USE OF STONE COAL.—Yesterday, our attention was called to the following sentence in the second volume of Good's Study of Medicine, page 584,—giving an account of the prejudice existing in England about five hundred years ago, against the use of stone coal.—It is truly a melancholy specimen of the legislative and judicial proceedings of that day, that a man had actually been condemned and executed for burning stone coal within the limits of London, under the mistaken notion that the fumes were unhealthy.—The opinion of Dr. Good that the fumes from stone coal formed powerful agents in promoting the health of the city, gives additional strength to the impression which has prevailed in Pittsburgh on this subject.

"And such was the prejudice at one time entertained against pit coal, from its being supposed to load the atmosphere with unhealthy fumes, *but which is now become one of our most powerful ventilators*, and, *consequently, one of our most active agents in promoting the general health of the city*, that a law was formerly in existenee which made it a capital offence to burn it within the city walls; so that it was only allowed to be used in the forges of the environs. Sir Gilbert Blane informs us that the late Mr. Astle, keeper of the records in the Tower, told him that he had there discovered a document importing that under the operation of this law a *person had been tried, convicted, and executed for this offence in the reign of Edward the First.*"

Further Extracts from Foreign Papers.

ENGLISH PARLIAMENT.

On the 4th of July, Lord Lyndhurst brought in a bill to alter the disposition of the celebrated "Thellusson Property," to prevent the constant consumption of large portions of it by Chancery, trust and other expenses, and to divert parts of the property to the living descendants of the testator, now in a distressed or destitute condition.

Thellussion, it will be recollected, was a watchmaker in London, and accumulated a large property which at his death he bequeathed in trusts, so as to lie for near a century to accumulate further, before it could be enjoyed. The principal heir has been created Lord Rendlesham, and his portion of the estate is estimated at sixteen millions of pounds sterling. Lord Lyndhurst entered into remarkable details to show the effects that were experienced from compliance with the terms of this will, and the enormous sums tnat were costantly deducted from the accumulating property, while many descendants were in want. No final disposition was made of the subject.

A bill has been introduced into the House of Commons to remove the onerous penalties against Roman Catholic priests celebrating mixed marriages between Catholics and Protestants. The bill was ultimately read a second time with only one dissentient voice.

The Jewish Emancipation bill also went into committee. Sir Oswald Mosely's proposition to except eligibility to seats in parliament was lost, as also one or two minor ones of a kindred tendency.—The final passage of this bill is confidently expected.

By the following extract it appears that the impediments which exist at the Post office, tending to obstruct the prompt circulation of the continental newspapers in England, are now extended to the American papers, which had hitherto been exempt from these inquisitorial visitations,—

LIVERPOOL, June 25.

The letter bag from New York is landed, but, by an order from the Postmaster, all the parcels of newspapers must undergo a scrutiny before they are suffered to come on shore. Even the consignee's private bag has been overhauled.

The Hanover Gazette, of the 21st June, announces that the disorder in the eyes, which has for some time afflicted the young Prince George of Cumberland, is considerably abated, and that a speedy cure is expected.

At the late Fancy Fair in London, her Majesty bought at one of the stalls a handsome purse, which she displayed to the Duke of Wellington, and asked the opinion of his grace on it. The duke said he thought it very handsome. Her Majesty replied she was glad he thought so, for she purchased it for him, and forthwith presented it.

The Indian Cholera has reappeared in Edinburgh; that is to say a few straggling cases have occurred.

It is contemplated to establish a new line of British built packets between Liverpool and New York. They are to be about 300 tons register, and constructed for rapid sailing. They will be built by private hands, the post office contributing a portion of their cost.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 18.—Accounts from Constantinople, of May 31, received by express, definitively announce the pacification of the East. By the arrangement just concluded, Mehemet Ali has obtained the investiture of Syria, with Damascus and Aleppo, and Ibrahim Pacha the title of Governor General (Mohassel) of Adana. His nomination has not been the subject of a special convention, but it is published in an ordinance of the Porte, in the usual manner of Governors of Pachalicks, as is done annually.

This arrangement between the Plenipotentiary of the Porte and Ibrahim was confirmed by the Sultan the day before the arrival of Count Orloff, whose business was then to see that the conditions approved by the Sultan should be respected by the Pacha of Egypt, and out of the reach of further infringement. The energy with which this business has been carried on, has ensured its complete success.

Till then, there was, in fact, some uncertainty with respect to the intentions of Ibrahim, who seemed inclined not to withdraw his army till the Russian troops should have quitted the Bosphorus. Count Orloff being informed of this circumstance, and sensible of the danger to which the Turkish capital would be exposed by the protracted presence of the Egyptian army, immediately repeated the formal declaration that the troops and the fleet sent by the Emperor to the aid of the Sultan, at the express request of the latter, should remain in their positions till Ibrahim's army should have repassed Mount Taurus. This declaration, added to the news that a third division was going to reinforce the troops at Constantinople, speedily put an end to all further hesitation.

At the departure of our courier, the news had been received that Ibrahim Pacha had already reached Kentahia with his head quarters, and that the retrograde movements of his army had commenced at all points. Count Orloff, in order to ascertain this fact, had ordered Capt. Lieven to return to the spot, and to follow the Egyptian army till its passage over Mount Taurus. The Ottoman Government, with which Baron Lieven's mission was connected, sent Hafiz Bey, Colonel of the Engineers, in company with that officer. They were on the point of proceeding to their destinations when our courier left. On the return of Baron Lieven, and when the retreat of Ibrahim is duly ascertained, his Majesty's Ambassador will immediately order the troops and the fleet to quit the Bosphorus.

By an examination of the distance, it is calculated that the retrograde movement of the Egyptian army may be completed in a month; meantime, Count Orloff has at once countermanded the sailing of the 3d division from Odessa, as it is not wanted at Constantinople since the troops of Ibrahim have commenced their retreat. This counter order was brought to Odessa by the Menteor steam boat.

POLAND.

The Russian accounts from the frontiers of Poland are still harping upon the discontented impatience which is but ill suppressed in that country, and ascribing it to the machinations of the propagandists of France. The "leniency," as it is called, with which the Poles have hitherto been treated, is now thought to have had a bad effect upon them, and henceforth a new system is to be adopted, under which event the nobility are not to be exempt from the degradation of corporal punishment. This no doubt, will be a refinement in the tactics of the cruel autocrat.

Several letters from the frontiers of Poland announce that the young lady Haweeker, aged 18, was recently shot at Lubin by the Russians, accused of having furnished to the insurgents provisions; she proceeded quietly to the place of execution between a file of Russian soldiers. Count Michael Wollowiez having returned from France, put himself at the head of the insurgents in the environs of Grodno; having engaged in a skirmish with the Russians, he was wounded and taken prisoner, and was immediately hung at Grodno. Although this execution took place, and numerous arrests, the insurgents are augmenting in force in the whole of Volhynia and Podolia, and it is stated that the Russians have been obliged to retreat from all the villages. The citadel of Warsaw will soon be finished; and Kiew is also to be strongly fortified.

Frontiers of Servia, June 10.

Commercial letters from Constantinople say that the Russian Capt. Lieven, who was sent by Count Orloff to Ibraham's head quarters to ascertain the fact of the retreat of the Egyptian army, had returned and confirmed the evacuation of Natolia. In consequence orders are said to have been already given for the embarkation of the Russian troops.

It appears that there is nothing to prevent the entire arrangement of the differences that have existed. It is worthy of remark that soon after the Sultan had ceded Adana, news were received from Alexandria that Mehemet Ali had instructed his son to make no further difficulties on this point, because it might easily lead to a collision with the English government. Mehemet is said to have assured Major Campbell, that he would not insist upon having Adana if it was objected to at London, or if the interest of the Sultan was supposed to be injured by the loss of that province. The latter is the case, and we cannot sufficiently regret the carelessness with which the negotiations at Constantinople were managed.—None but the Sultan's enemies could induce him to a step which must, sooner or later, lead to the certain ruin of the Porte, and yet it is affirmed that the interest of the Sultan has been attended to by all parties.

Great agitation still prevals in Servia. Prince Miloshh has called out the levy *en masse*, and has proceeded to expel the Turkish authorities from the districts which, by the treaty of Adrianople, were to be united to Servia. He seems to have taken advantage of the embarrassment of the Porte to take possession of the territories which are, indeed, promised to Servia, but the boundaries of which remain to be determined.

His much praised attachment to the Porte is thus rendered rather problematical; but, though the affair may cause some surprise at Constantinople, it is not to be altered, and the Sultan must dissemble his displeasure.

The Bosnians go more openly to work than the Servians. They state their grievances without reserve, and, if they are not listened to, have recourse to arms. The Servians assume a friendly tone, and make the greatest protestations of fidelity, while they disregard the authority of the Sultan, and expel his delegated authorities. This circumstance will cause a great sensation at Constantinople and every where else.

Trial arising out of the Calthorpe street Affair.—On Thursday last George Fursey, who was tried for stabbing a policeman during the well known Calthorpe street affair, was tried at the Old Bailey, London. The examination of witnesses did not conclude till eleven o'clock at night. Mr. Justice Gaselee then summed up. The jury retired, and, after an absence of an hour and ten minutes, at twenty minutes past two o'clock on Friday morning returned into court, and pronounced the prisoner *Not guilty*, adding, that, after having been out for a considerable time, they could come to no other decision than an acquittal. On the announcement of the verdict, the people rose in all parts of the court and cheered, huzzaed, and clapped hands in a most enthusiastic manner. The Judges stood erect, looking around the court, and motioning their hands to the people in the galleries to cease; but their lordships' dignified presence and gestures had not the desired effect; the people continued to cheer until they had given full vent to their joy. The scene outside the court was, if possible, still more enthusiastic; the people collected in the Court yard, in great numbers, and continued to cheer for the jury (whom many of them invoked to bless) for nearly a quarter of an hour. The officers of the court endeavored to check them, but the attempt proved entirely unsuccessful. The prisoner, the learned Judge, in his summing up, observed, if acquitted of the capital charge, would be liable to be tried for the minor offence; but it was rumored amongst the people, that Government will not proceed against him.

FROM CANTON.—It is stated in the Chinese Courier of the 18th of January, that the American ship Don Quixote, from Canton to South America, had sprung a leak, and with great difficulty had reached the Sandwich Islands, where she was discharging her cargo. The ship would probably be condemned.

Great complaints are made of the increase of piracy, which has extended itself almost to Canton. A celebrated physician of that city was decoyed on board one of those vessels, under pretence of visiting a sick person, and carried to sea. He was ransomed only on payment of a large sum of money.

The rebellion in Formosa had not been quelled at the latest dates, and all information respecting it were vague and uncertain. The Chinese speak of the successes of the Imperial troops, but their vauntings are little to be relied on. The insular position of Formosa gives to the rebels very great advantages.

Loo, the new Governor of the city and province of Canton, was in the exercise of his official functions.—*Poulson.*

African Commerce.—The Salem Gazette, alluding to the expedition of the Landers up the Niger, asks, "Will the merchants of America, with their daring enterprize and indomitable perseverance, suffer this rich and hitherto untasted trade to fall into the hands of the British without an attempt at competition?" It observes also, that the trade of the port of Salem with the *coast* of Africa, is perhaps greater than that of every other port in the United States; and suggests the sending of a brig or two by our merchants up the Niger. We doubt whether the latter movement is immediately advisable; but of the truth and great importance of the general opinion here expressed, we have no doubts at all. We believe there is a house in Salem which furnishes one or two packets quarterly, for Liberia alone, and we are also informed that a Philadelphia merchant keeps not less than four vessels of considerable size in the same trade. The Liberians themselves are getting a notion of the business, it is well known. The annual exports from Cape Mount, which the Colonization Society purchased last year, are said to have heretofore been $60,000 per annum. Several small craft, proper for cruising, are employed on the coast by the Monrovia merchants, and Mr. Williams, the Vice Agent, was understood to state that quite a number in addition were to be or had been built this season. From the lately published Address of the Boston Committee for raising $10,000 for the American Colonization Society we extract one paragraph on this subject.

"Our commercial community may be pleased to learn, that the colonists are actively engaged in trade, exchanging the various products of English and American manufacturing skill, and agricultural industry, for the dye woods, ivory, hides, gold, palm oil, and rice of Africa. The net profits on the two articles of wood and ivory, passing through the hands of the settlers, from January 1, 1826, to June 15, 1826, was $30,786. In 1829, the exports of African products amounted to $60,000; in 1831, 46 vessels, 21 of which were American, visited the colony, and the amount of exports was $88,911. In 1832, its commerce greatly advanced. During the year ending the first of May, 1832, 59 vessels had visited Monrovia, 32 of which were American. The exports during this period, amounted to $125,549, of imports, to $80,000, and the produce on hand, January 1, 1832, was $47,400. New and important avenues of trade are constantly opening into the interior."

This is a subject, we repeat, of great and growing importance. It deserves the serious consideration of the merchants.—*Mercant. Jour.*

The direct trade between the cities of Natchez and New York has been opened by the sailing of the ship St. Louis, on Wednesday, from the latter port, with a cargo valued at $400,000. The New York Standard has the following explanatory notice of the fact:—

"The Merchants of Natchez, distinguished for their enterprise and laudable ambition of giving a new impulse to the trade of Mississippi, now second only to Georgia in the productions of the great southern staple, cotton, have formed a company for the direct importation to their port from this, of the immense amount of general merchandise which they distribute throughout the south western section of the Union. This company, with that spirit of liberality so generally possessed by the adventurous and persevering, have commenced in good earnest, by giving a full and valuable freight to the ship St. Louis, captain Story, which will sail with first fair wind for New Orleans, and thence be towed by steamboat to her port of discharge, 300 miles above the latter. This cargo is said to be one of the most valuable of any ever shipped coastwise amounting to nearly four hundred thousand dollars.—The St. Louis will be followed by the new ship Newark, now loading, and both will return with full cargoes of cotton to this port or be despatched for Liverpool. The rapid growth of Mississippi in wealth and population—the vast increase in her export trade, which it is estimated will this year exceed 250,000 bales of cotton or $10,000,000—and the well known fine quality of that article, unite to justify the present enterprise, and afford strong reason to believe, that the most sanguine anticipations of its friends will be more than realized."

From the New York American.

We have received, and hasten to lay before our readers, the annexed copy of the Circular which the *President's* Agent, Mr. *Amos Kendall*, addresses to the Banks.

"The Government," spoken of in this Circular, is not the Government, as usually understood and as established by the Constitution, but the Executive merely; one of the two parties—(and that the one about which it *used* to be considered quite republican to be most jealous) by whom all laws are made. Yet this Government undertakes to say, what *probably* "Congress" (spoken of in contradistinction from "the Government,") will or will not do, about rechartering the present, or creating any other Bank!

AUGUST, 1833.

Sir—I have been appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, at the request of the President of the United States, to confer with State Banks in relation to future deposits and distribution of the public revenue.

It is deemed probable, by the Government, that the Bank of the United States will not be rechartered, and that no other institution will be established by Congress, to supply its place, as Agent of the Treasury.

As it is now less than three years to the expiration of its Charter, the President thinks it his duty to look to the means by which the service it now renders to the Government is thereafter to be performed, and, if sufficient reasons shall exist, the Government may desire to employ another Agent, or other Agents, at an earlier period.

The sole object of my appointment is, to ascertain on what terms the several State Banks may be willing to perform the service now rendered by the Bank of the United States to the Government, should it become necessary or expedient to employ another Agent, or other Agents, that the Secretary of the Treasury may, in that event, be able to make a judicious selection.

In pursuit of this object, I have the honor to inquire whether the Bank, over which you preside, is desirous, should a change take place, of undertaking that agency, or a portion of it, at ———.

If this inquiry should be answered in the affirmative, I am authorized to communicate with you further on the subject.

It is, however, to be distinctly understood, that nothing which may pass is to be considered a pledge on the part of the Government, to remove the deposits from the Bank of the United States, before the expiration of its charter, or to employ your Bank in any event, or to make any final arrangements upon the conditions which may now be proposed or received.

If it be convenient, I shall be happy to know the disposition of your Board of Directors on the subject; if not, will you do me the favor to give me your own, leaving an expression of the wishes of the Board to some more convenient opportunity.

Very respectfully, your ob't servant,

AMOS KENDALL.

The Bank of the United States.—The following just and eloquent description of the Bank of the United States, is extracted from Mr. Justice Johnson's opinion, delivered in the case of Osborn *vs.* U. S. Bank.—(9 *Wheat. Rep.* 872.)

"The Bank of the United States is now identified with the Administration of the National Government. It is an immense machine, economically and beneficially applied to the fiscal transactions of the nation. Attempts have been made to dispense with it, and they have failed; serious and very weighty doubts have been abandoned; and it is now become the functionary that collects, the depository that holds, the vehicle that transports, the guard that protects, and the agent that distributes and pays away the millions that pass annually through the National Treasury; and all this, not only without expense to the Government, but, after paying a large amount, furnishing the only possible means of embodying the most ample security for so immense a charge."—*Poulson.*

Infanticide.—Mr. Ellis, in the Polynesian Researches, gives an account of the prevalence of this crime with the Polynesians, previous to their christianization, which would be scarcely credible if it were not corroborated by other authorities.—At one time, *two thirds of the children born* were thought to be slain. The first three infants were frequently killed, and twins were rarely permitted to live under any circumstances. In the largest families not more than three children were spared. Mr. E. was acquainted with parents who, according to their own confession, had consigned ten or more children to this premature grave.—The female who washed the linen of his family destroyed six, and a near neighbor of his had been the mother of eight, of which one only was spared! In 1832, a brother missionary was conversing with some friends in his own house in the island of Raiata, on this subject. Three native, females, were sitting in the room at the time, the eldest not more than forty years of age. In the course of conversation he observed, 'Perhaps some of these females have been guilty of this crime."

The question was proposed, and it was found that these three females had not destroyed fewer than one and twenty infants. One had destroyed nine, another seven, and the third five. The modes of execution were various. The parents themselves, or their nearest relatives, were always the executioners. Often, says Mr. E., almost before the new born babe could breathe the vital air, gaze upon the light of heaven, or experience the sensations of its new existence, that existence has been extinguished by its cruel mother's hand; and the "felon sire," instead of welcoming with all a father's joy a daughter or a son, has dug its grave upon the spot, or among the thick grown bushes a few yards distant. In most cases the act was done with the consent of all the friends. Occasionally there was a struggle between them for the life of the poor victim—*Boston Mer. Jour.*

The Methodist Book concern in this city has about 30 presses in operation, one of which is a *power* press, equal to four common presses. It employs between 200 and 300 persons.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

American Silks.—A gentleman called on us this morning to show us a pattern of a silk pocket handkerchief, and some black Mantua for pantaloons, made from American silk by Mr. Cobb of Dedham, Massachusetts.

The handkerchief was printed, and the Mantua dyed at the Lynn, (Mass.) Printing Co.

Both these articles were beautiful in their texture, finish, and colors, and we were happy to learn Mr. Cobb was extending the culture of the silk worm, and the Lynn Printing Co. was flourishing.—*N. Y. Mer. Adv.*

The Population of this Country.—Some interesting suggestions relating to this subject will be found in the last Quarterly Register. The greatest population to a square mile is in the District of Columbia, where it is 398; in Connecticut, 63; in Rhode Island, 72; Massachusetts, 81; Maryland and New Jersey, 40; Ohio, 24; New York, 41; Pennsylvania 30.

The population of New York, in 1840, it is supposed, will be two millions and a half, or 200,000 more than that of all New England, and about equal to that of all the North Western Territories. That of Pennsylvania is rated at 1,700,000; of Ohio, 1,300,000. That of Virginia is put at a few thousands more. And thus the oldest settled of the States, which, in 1790, had a population of 747,000, will have been overtaken by a State which had no government of any kind until one year before that date, did not become a State until 1802, and had, in 1790, a population of only 3,000. Indeed Ohio has the resources within itself for growing into the greatest State of the Union. It can support, without difficulty, a people as dense as that of Holland.

Ohio contains but 39,000 square miles, while Virginia contains 64,000, which is within 1,000 of the whole area of New England, and makes Virginia the largest as well as oldest State. The next in order is Georgia, 62,000, and Missouri, 60,000. Illinois contains 55,000, Florida, 50,000, New York, 46,000, Pennsylvania, 44,000, North Carolina and Louisiana, 48,000 each. Delaware contains 2,100, and Rhode Island, 1,350.

The most rapid increase of population we observe is in the case of Ohio, which increased from 3,000 to 45,000 in 10 years, and in the next ten to 230,000. This last was at the rate of 409 per cent., in 10 years, whereas the average rate of the whole Union, for the last 10, has been but 33 per cent., and that of New England but a little less than 19. That of New York was never greater than 72; of Maine, 58; Illinois, 350; Indiana, 500; Michigan, 764; Arkansas, 1,344. The most rapid increase has, of course, been in the early settlements.

The population of the United States, in 1840, is rated at 17 millions. What it will be a hundred years hence it is not easy to calculate. What it *may* be, however, is inferable from the fact that our territory is immensely extensive; that a vast amount of rich land is yet unoccupied; that lands now cultivated may be made vastly more productive; that a large portion of our country is under tropical climates; and that if the whole country should support but 230 inhabitants to a square mile, as England now does, we should have, as the Editor of the Register observes, more than *four hundred and fifty millions.*—*Boston Mercantile Journal.*

Few noblemen possess so many gorgeous articles of plate as Earl Howe. All the numerous tributes to his gallant ancestors' glorious achievements are in his possession at Gopsal Hall, Leicestershire, and when arranged on the sideboards of the dining apartment, form an exhibition of the most extraordinary splendor. The Earl of Stamford's collection too is of vast extent, an ancestor having left several hundred annually, for the express purpose of adding to its stores, so that many of the most ordinary articles are composed of the precious metals.—*London Paper.*

Coal.—During the year 1832, there were two millions, one hundred and thirty nine thousand and seventy-eight tons of coal imported into London alone. The mines of Pennsylvania at present in operation can furnish, if occasion requires it, 750,000 tons of coal during the next season.—This quantity at $4 per ton, will amount to three million of dollars.—*Philadelphia Paper.*

When the Chinese wife is *enciente*, the husband hires a musical band to entertain her, that the child may be of a harmonious disposition. In Europe, ladies in that situation are sometimes said to give themselves *airs* enough without any such assistance.

From the Maysville (Ky.) Monitor, of July 4th, the following synopsis of deaths, by Cholera, is given.

In Flemingsburg, a population of about 700, there have been 63 deaths.

Maysville, a population of about 3,000—53 deaths.

Lexington population of 6,500, 400 deaths.
Paris, population about 1,100, 70 deaths.
Lancaster about 600, 12 deaths, in 4 days.
Lawrenceburg, population of 200, 40 deaths.
Millersburg, population of 400, 20 deaths.
Cynthiana, population 600, 12 or 15 deaths.
Washington, population 600, 8 deaths.
Mayslick, population 400, 7 deaths.

Strong Testimony.—Seventy two physicians of Boston have put their names to a paper, declaring it to be their opinion that men in health are never benefited by the use of ardent spirits—that on the contrary, the use of them is a frequent cause of disease and death, and often renders such diseases as arise from other causes more difficult of cure, and more fatal in their termination.—*Poulson, Aug.* 12.

The Rail Road in South Carolina between Charleston and Augusta is one hundred and forty two miles long. The mail is now carried on it.—*American Sent.*

South Carolina.—Col. Thomas Sumter has been nominated at Statesburgh, as the nullification candidate for Congress, in opposition to Gen. Blair.—*Amer. Sent.*

Letters from Vera Cruz to the 3d ult. are received in this City. The cholera was raging there. A body of about 900 insurgent troops who had collected in that district, had been subdued and taken prisoners, and quiet was restored to the province.—*Amer. Sent.*

Extracts from the Louisville Price Current, of 10th instant.

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

COAL.—There is but little at the wharf, and we advance the article to 12 1-2 and 16 2-3 cents per bushel.

COTTON.—We notice a sale of 67 bales Mississippi, at 16 1-2 cents, and advance our quotations for Mississippi and Louisiana accordingly, to 15 a 16 1-2 cents. The stock on hand is small.

FLOUR.—There is not much doing in the article. We have been apprized of a sale of 600 bbls., at $4 25.

SUGAR.—We have no alteration to notice in this article; the demand is fair, and previous rates rule. Sales of 110 hhds., fair, at 8 1-2 cents; 20 do., prime, at 9 1-2 cts., 4 mos.; and 10 do., fair, at 9 cts. We alter our quotations for Brown Havana to 9 1-2 a 10 cts.

LIST OF ARRIVALS

At the following Hotels, in this city, during the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock, this morning.

PITTSBURGH HOTEL.—C. M'KIBBIN.

Aug. 14.—F. Brentlinger, Pittsburgh; Samuel S. Austin, Uniontown; J. M. Austin, do.; M. W. Irvin, Beaver; R. Hanna, Georgetown, Ky; N. Griffith, Pittsburgh; Wm. R. Griffith, Ky.; Wm. M'Crosky, do.; J. Clarke, Greensburgh; Capt. C.

Greenlee, O.; R. Peebles, Pitt township; E. T. Stutevant, Tallmadge, O.; J. Laird, Canton; Wm. Falconer, Wellsville; A. G. Holmes, Massillon; T. Ashton, Louisiana; H. Stewart, Brownsville; C. Sheets, do.; J. Burrows, Richmond, Ky.; C. Cecil, Wheeling; J. C. Rainbow, Beaver, co.; J. Hoffner, jr., Cinn.; J. N. Matthews, Carlisle, Pa.; J. Warner, Hamden, O.; J. Kirk, Poland, O.; Miss Dubbs, Philad.

Aug. 15.—Isaac Abraham, Chester county.

MANSION HOUSE—B. WEAVER.

Aug. 14.—Sam'l Cook, Noblestown, Pa.; David M'Donnell, Freeport, Pa.; L. P. Sanger, Beaver Canal; Jas. Patterson, Patterson's Mills; D. Daniel, do.; Simon Singer, do.; J. M'Kennan, Indiana, Pa.; A. Raynolds, Kittanning, Pa.; Isaac M. Watt, Indiana, Pa.; John Farrell, Meadville, Pa.; Sam'l A. Devens, Cambridge, Mass.; C. Wood, Erie, Pa.; Jas. D. Farree, Hollidaysburgh, Pa.; R. T. Smith, Jefferson College.

EXCHANGE HOTEL—B. MAGUIRE.

Aug. 14.—John Thomas, Alabama; Henry Adams, do.; A. Swords, Washington, Pa.; A. Lawrence, do.; R. G. W. Taunes, St. Louis; S. C. Christy, do.; Miss Waddle, Baltimore; Stephen Caldwell, Pittsburgh; Jas. M'Multy, Philadelphia; Andrew M'Intyre, do.; Jas. Wilson, New York; P. A. Smith, Boston; L. S. Coulter, Gallipolis; Jas. Wallace, New Lisbon; Michael Dowran, Salem, Mass.; Capt. Thompson, Boston; John M'Elroy, Charleston, S. C.; Edward Miller, Esq. Conemaugh.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

SEASON TICKETS.

A FEW TICKETS of Admission, for the Season, may be obtained, if applied for immediately—the number being limited, to prevent disappointment, an early application is indispensably requisite.

Application to be made to the subscriber, at No. 5 Exchange Hotel, between the hours of Twelve and Two o'clock.

FRANCIS C. WEMYSS.

August 15, 1833.

☞The papers of the city will please copy the above.

ASSIGNMENT.

JAMES ADAMS, Junior, Merchant of this city, on the 13th instant, executed to the Subscribers a deed of Assignment of all his Estate, real, personal, and mixed, in trust for the benefit (among others) of those creditors who should, on or before the first of December next, execute a release or acquittance of the said Jas. Adams, Jr. from all debts and demands.

The Assignment and Release may be examined at the office of James S. Craft, Esq. No. 35 Market street.

All persons having had dealings with Mr. Adams, are requested to call and settle their accounts, and those indebted to pay the amounts due to the undersigned, or to Mr. F. R. Smith, at Mr. Adams' late Warehouse.

MICHAEL TIERNAN,
WILLIAM EBBS,
S P. DARLINGTON.

August 15, 1833.—dtf

Nitrous Oxide Gas.

DR. S. COULT, respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he intends giving an Exhibition of the Nitrous Oxide, or Exhilerating Gas, for a few evenings, commencing on the 14th inst., at the building formerly occupied for a Museum, at the corner of 4th and Market streets.

Admittance 25 cents. Doors open at 7 1-2 o'clock. For particulars, see Hand Bills.

Aug. 14, 1833.—3wd.

DOCTOR GEO. D. BRUCE.

OFFICE in Smithfield street, between Third and Fourth streets—east side.

August 14---tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, having purchased the entire interest of the late firm of DICKEY & CAROTHERS, begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that the business will still be continued, at the old stand, No. 168 Liberty street, where

A very General Assortment of

GROCERIES,

AND PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURED ARTICLES,

will constantly be kept on hand.

ISAIAH DICKEY.

N. B. Those indebted to the above firm are requested to make payment; and those having demands, will please present them as above, for settlement.

☞ The subscriber would respectfully recommend Mr. Dickey to the attention of his friends.

J. CAROTHERS.

August 14---tf

NEW GOODS!

JUST received, at S. P. CHURCH & Co's 83 Market street,

A Seasonable supply of FANCY GOODS.

August 13, 1833.—3w

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 17, for 1833. to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 24th of August, 1833: Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. 66 Number Lottery: Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$20,500	$20,000
1	1,000	1,000
1	6,200	6,200
1	4,000	4,000
1	3,000	3,000
1	2,500	2,500
7	1,000	7,000
7	500	3,500
10	400	4,000
10	300	3,000
20	200	4,000
60	100	6,000
168	50	8,400
112	20	2,240
2240	10	22,410
15400	5	77,000
45760 tickets.		$183,040

Tickets, $5—Shares in proportion.

Orders from abroad, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid.

Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where was sold, a few weeks since, the splendid capital prize of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; and where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to upwards of TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!!

Aug. 13, 1833.

Western Collegiate Institute,

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

NEAR PITTSBURGH,

UNDER the superintendence of WILLIAM B. LACEY, D. D., with arrangements of *increased efficiency*, will commence it Autumnal Session, on the First Monday in September next.

In the *Senior* department, Dr. Lacey, with competent Assistants, will hear recitations in Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, Chemistry, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Logic, Elements of Criticism, in reference to Language and the Fine Arts, Elocution, Natural Theology, Evidences of Christianity, and Sacred History.

In the *Junior* Department, Mr. Bryan B. Killikelly, late Vice Principal of a Collegiate School, in the city of New York, will give instructions in Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Botany, Geology, Ancient and Modern History, Rhetoric, and the Latin and Greek languages.

In the *Ornamental* department, Mrs. Lacey, assisted by accomplished instructors, will give lessons in the French, and Italian languages, Vocal and Instrumental Music, Drawing, and Painting, in the style of several of the European, and Oriental Schools, Calisthenics, and the forms and elegancies of polished life.

The price for Board, General Superintendance, Fuel, Candlelight, Pew Rent, access to an extensive Library, instructions in Calesthenics, Orthography, Reading, Writing, Rudiments of Geography, and Arithmetic, and all the varieties of Needle Work, will be $30 per term. To this charge will be added, for instruction in *any* or in *all* of the higher branches taught in the *Junior* department, (except the Latin and Greek languages) $6; or instead thereof, in *any* or in *all* the branches of the *Senior* department, $8; French and Italian, each $8; Music, including the use of the instruments for practice, $13; Drawing, and Painting, $6; Bronzing and Painting, in the Oriental styles, $20. Or, if Parents prefer a more definite arrangement, Dr. Lacey will *Board*, and *Instruct*, in *any*, or in *all* the branches taught in the Institute, for $200, per annum, per scholar, *they paying the amount in advance.*

The Principal intends to establish, in the vicinity, and under his own general Superintendance, a school for small *boys*, where, with his own sons, they will be fitted for entrance into any college in the United States. The charge for *board* and *tuition*, in *any* or in *all* the branches of a *finished English education* will be $120 per annum, and for other branches proportionally moderate.

No scholar will be received for a less time than one term; *and all bills must be paid one quarter in advance.*

Each pupil is required to bring a Bible, Bed, and Bedding, Towels; Table spoon, Tea spoon, Knife and Fork.

Pupils will be permitted to attend any place of public worship their Parents may designate.

The Institute having been in operation four terms, and sustained two public examinations, Dr. Lacey submits, with particular satisfaction, the following spontaneous testimonial of its character, and results from *Parents and friends of pupils in the Institute.*

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1833.

TO THE REV. W. B. LACEY, D. D.—

Dear Sir—We have been so amply gratified by the late examination of your Female Collegiate Institute, that we feel it equally a pleasure and a duty to express our satisfaction, and to wish you such success in your enterprise as may remunerate you for your large expenditure, and, in some measure, compensate you for the unwearied application of your talents and learning to the cause of Education:

The examination was conducted with such minute and critical severity as served to test, to the utmost, the understanding of the pupils, and the extent of their acquisitions in their varied and interesting studies.

When it is taken into consideration that the number of pupils did not exceed fifty, and that three days were spent, almost without relaxation, in ascertaining their mental and moral improvement, the results must be considered as peculiarly gratifying to their parents and friends, and as reflecting the highest credit upon the Principal of the Institute and those to whom their instruction has been committed.

The examination embraced, in its range, the elementary, as well as the higher branches of elocution, Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Rhetoric, the elements of Moral Philosophy, Chemistry, Botany, Astronomy, Algebra, French, Music, and Calesthenic exercises.

In the whole course, whether in those matters that belong to the useful and essential branches, or those that may be termed the accomplishments and refinements of Education, care, attention, and talent, on the part of the instructors, and devotion and industry on the part of the pupils, were obvious. Peculiar interest was excited by the classes that had devoted their attention to Elocution and Rhetoric, by the highest class in French, whose translations from D'Agguessau, Racine, & L'Henriade, were subjects of just commendation; and by the young Ladies who had devoted their attention to Moral Philosophy, whose application of its principles to the Science of Government, and thorough knowledge of the Constitution of the United States, created feelings of mingled surprize and admiration in the bosoms of us all.

The class in Algebra, under the particular charge of Professor Aikin, evinced a knowledge of that most difficult branch of Mathematics, and also of Chemistry and Botany, entitling him and them to high approbation.

The Musical exhibition was extremely satisfactory, as evincing the capability of Mr. Rupp, the Musical Professor, in that delightful accomplishment, and the rapid improvement of his pupils.

Without entering further into detail, sir, we express our entire satisfaction with the result of your system, and cannot forbear expressing a wish that the citizens of our wealthy, manufacturing metropolis, and our fellow citizens throughout the western states, who wish to afford to their daughters the benefits of a refined, accomplished, and useful education, at about one third of the expense that such an education would cost them in eastern cities, will confer their patronage upon your Institution. In addition to *all* the advantages as regards the improvement of mind and manners which an eastern Institution can afford, the location of your Institution, surrounded by scenes of picturesque beauty, with its groves, orchards, and gardens, its springs of pure water, and in the midst of a country which may be emphatically denominated the residence of health, would, of itself, operate as a strong inducement to parents who are disposed to send their children abroad for education to intrust them to your care.

Signed by

Hon. CHARLES SHALER,
Rev. GEORGE UPFOLD, D. D.
A. HAYS, M. D.
Hon. SAMUEL PETTIGREW,
JOHN D. MAHON, Esq.
GEORGE BAYARD, Esq.
SAM'L. FAHNESTOCK, Mer.
A. N. McDOWELL, M. D.
JOHN D. DAVIS, Esq.
Mr. CHAS. D. GILLESPIE, and
Major W. WADE.

I have been acquainted with the Institute from its commencement. Its pupils have been unusually healthy; indeed, the situation is one of the most salubrious which I know. At the time of the late examination, in a family of upwards of seventy persons, including the pupils, there was not one who was the subject of medical treatment.

A. HAYS, M. D.

Aug. 3, 1833.—tf.

PROSPECT HILL

Literary & Scientific Institution.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

ON the 1st of July, Mr. DANIEL STONE intends opening, near the City of Pittsburgh, an Institution for the instruction of boys. Its plan is to combine, as far as possible, the peculiar advantages of a domestic and public education.—The pupils, with the principal and assistants, will constitute one family, and be at all times under careful supervision. The *Discipline* will be mild, but strict, such as a father, solicitous for the welfare of his children, would exercise over them. It is believed that an appeal to reason, and the sense of honor and duty, will generally secure obedience. Coercive measures will, therefore, be adopted only in extreme cases.

The *Course of Study* will embrace the English, Latin, Greek, and French Languages; Arithmetic, Algebra, and Geometry; Geography and History—Ancient and Modern; Rhetoric, Composition, and Elocution; Natural Philosophy and Chemistry; Penmanship, Orthography, and Reading. Frequent examinations will be held, open to the friends and relations of the youths.

The *Mode of Instruction* will be thorough and critical, and no subject will be relinquished until fully understood. That the scholar's mind may become vigorous, active, and self-confident—prepared for the stern conflicts of life, and a fearless discharge of its duties, he will be encouraged to reason and decide for himself.

Each student will be required to attend such church as his parent or guardian shall designate.

To preserve health and elasticity of spirits, to check indolence, and promote industry among the students, they will be daily exercised in athletic sports.

Pupils will be admitted between the ages of *Six* and *Sixteen*. None can be received for less than one term.

The uniform *Dress* will consist of a cap, blue roundabout, with metal buttons, and blue pantaloons. Every article of clothing should be marked with the owner's name in full.

The *Terms* are two hundred dollars a year, payable quarterly in advance. This includes Tuition, Board, Lodging, Washing, Mending, Light, and Fuel.

The *Vacations*, after the present year, will be three—the 1st, of two weeks, from the 3d Wednesday in April; the 2d, of four weeks, from the 2d Wednesday in August; and one week at Christmas.

The *Matron's* department will be under the care of Mrs. Reynolds, of this city.

References—STEPHEN COLWELL, Esq.
Rev. Dr. UPFOLD,
Hon. JUDGE SHALER,
Professor HALSEY,
Rev. Dr. LACEY,
Hon. HARMAR DENNY.

Pittsburgh, June 28--tf

Just Received,

A FEW bbls. of Fresh Rye Flour;
A few Rag and Venetian Carpetings;
500 cuts Assorted Carpet Chain;
20 pieces low priced Indigo Blue Checks;
10 pieces Dark, Mixed, and Brown Cassinets, Cotton Yarns, Candlewick, and Cotton Bolting.

Also—A fresh supply of Queensware and Glassware, Nails, Juniata Iron, Steel, Shovels, Spades, Coffee Mills, Cotton Bags, and Pittsburgh Manufactures, generally.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Agent and Commission Merchant.

August 8—3t

PORCELAIN TEETH.

DR. E. MERRITT, Dentist, has removed to the house formerly occupied by Mr. Anthony Beelen, No. 43 on the bank of the Monongahela river, between Market and Wood streets.

Dr. E. M. has on hand all kinds of teeth, now in use, and of superior quality. All operations of the teeth will be performed by him at the shortest notice. He has also a superior Dentrifice.

August 8—tf

DOCTOR JOSEPH TREVOR,

ALLEGHENY TOWN:

OFFICE in Robinson's Row—tenth door from the Canal Bridge.

May 28. 1833.—tf.

PITTSBURGH

Literary Reading Room.

THE Pittsburgh Literary Reading Room contains the following Foreign and American Periodicals.

AMERICAN JOURNALS AND REVIEWS.

1. The American Quarterly Review;
2. The North American Review;
3. The American Turf Register and Sporting Magazine;
4. Silliman's American Journal of Science and Arts;
5. The American Journal of the Medical Sciences;
6. Hall's Monthly Magazine;
7. The Journal of the Franklin Institute;
8. The Museum of Foreign Literature;
9. Doughty's Cabinet of Natural History;
10. The American Jurist and Law Magazine;
11. Waldie's Circulating Library;
12. Periodical Library.

FOREIGN REVIEWS.

13. Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine;
14. The Edinburgh Review;
15. The Westminster Review;
16. The London Quarterly Review;
17. The Foreign Quarterly Review;
18. The Monthly Review;
19. Bulwer's New Monthly Magazine;
20. The London Literary Gazette;
21. The Edinburgh New Philosophical Journal;
22. Fraser's Magazine;
23. The New Metropolitan Magazine;
24. The Sporting Magazine;
25. The United Service Journal;
26. The Athenæum;
27. The Asiatic Journal.

☞ The above Reading Room was opened August 1st. Those wishing to subscribe, will please call at JOHN I. KAY & Co's *Book Store, No. 44 Market street.*

August 7—d1w2awtf.

20 BARRELS LOUISVILLE LIME—received per Steam Boat Champion, and for sale by JAMES IRWIN,

Corner of Market and Water streets.

May 28, 1833.—tf

MANN'S AXES.

50 DOZEN MANN'S AXES—first quality. Just received and for sale by JOHN D. DAVIS & CO.,

June 14. *No. 38, Water street.*

CUPPING & LEECHING.

D. B. SHRIEVES, (Successor to Dr. B. Best,) tenders his services to the Physicians and citizens of Pittsburgh as Cupper, Leecher, Bleeder, and Tooth Drawer.—Office nearly opposite the United States' Bank, Fourth street, Pittsburgh. July 31—tf

5500 POUNDS SPANISH SOLE LEATHER—a superior article. Just received and for sale by

JAMES IRWIN,

Corner of Market and Water streets.

Pittsburgh, June 28, 1833.—tf

JAMES IRWIN

HAS on hand, and offers for sale, on accommodating terms—

2,000	do. CAST STEEL;
500	do. CROWLEY STEEL;
4,000	do. LAMP BLACK;
4,000	do. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10
500	do. CANDLEWICK;
35	barrels PITCH;
30	tons LOG WOOD;
500,000	Kentucky SEGARS;
120	bundles BINDERS' BOARDS
75	groce BONNET BOARDS;
200	reams WRITING PAPER.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1833--tf

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

FIVE and a half dollars per hundred for merchantable Rags will be given in BOOKS, STATIONERY, WRITING PAPER, WRAPPING PAPER, WALL PAPER, or in any article of Pittsburgh Manufacture, at Sylvester's Cheap Book Store, Corner of Wood and Third Streets, successor in the Book and Stationery business to Henry Holdship & Son.

Just Received,

100 Reams	No. 1	Cap paper,
200	" 2	" "
300	" 3	" "
500	"	Wrapping Paper,
200	"	Letter Paper,
1000 doz.	U. S.	Spelling Books,
3000 pieces	Wall	Paper.

ON HAND,

A general assortment of Books and Stationery, Wholesale and Retail.

May 17, 1833.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of *M'Kee & Graham*, Hatters, is dissolved, by mutual consent; all persons, indebted to said firm, are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers, who will be found at the old stand, in the Diamond, and all persons having claims against the firm will present the same for settlement.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM.

June 14, 1833—6mo.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have purchased the extensive Hat Manufacturing Establishment of M'Kee & Graham, and will continue the business, in all its various branches, under the firm of

M'Lain, King & M'Cord,

At the old establishment, No. 16 Diamond. They will keep constantly on hand, a general assortment of the best and most fashionable Beaver, Castor Roram, and Wool Hats, *which they will warrant.*

Also, a general assortment of Hatters' Furs and Trimmings, which they will dispose of, on the most favorable terms. Orders from a distance, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

BENJAMIN M'LAIN,
H. D. KING,
JOHN D. M'CORD.

June 14, 1833--6m.

We take pleasure in recommending to our former customers, Messrs. M'Lain, King & M'Cord, our successors, who, we believe, from their knowledge in the business, will afford satisfactitionto all who may favor them with their custom.

JOHN M'KEE,
JOHN GRAHAM,

REMOVAL.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. have removed their Hardware Store to No. 86 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1833.—tf

PAPER.

THE Subscriber has received, from the Franklin Paper Mill—

120	Reams Imperial Printing, No. 3;	
100	do. Medium do.	3; fine.
70	do. Super Royal do.	4 & 5.

Medium and Crown, Tea and Wrapping, Foolscap, Quarto Post, & Post Office Paper. Also, Fullers' Boards, and Bonnet Boards.

Orders will be thankfully received by

GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd.

August 5, 1833—tf

National Portrait Gallery.

THE National Portrait Gallery of Distinguished Americans—conducted by James B. Longacre, Philadelphia, and James Herring, New York—under the superintendence of the American Academy of the Fine Arts. The Number sent as a specimen, contains the Portraits of Israel Putnam, Andrew Jackson, and Miss Sedgewick—price 50 cents per number, or $6 per year. Those wishing to subscribe for the above work, will please call at the Bookstore of

JOHN I. KAY & Co.

No. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. May 31, 1833.—tf

Alex. Bailie's Wine Store,

CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,

WHERE he has on hand, and for sale, the following Superior Wines:

Chateaux Margaux,
do. Lafitte,
do. Leoville,
do. Latour,
Markebroner, 1807,
Johannesberger, 1811,
St. Julien Medoc,
Haut Sauterne.

ALSO—Every description of Wines kept constantly on hand. Apply as above.

June 18, 1833—tf

PITTSBURGH

Literary Reading Room.

THE Subscribers to the Pittsburgh Literary Reading Room, are respectfully informed that it is this day opened, over the Book Store of JOHN I. KAY & Co., No. 44 Market street.

N. B.—Those wishing to subscribe, will please call as above. Terms—Five dollars per annum; three dollars for six months, and two dollars for three months—payable in advance.

The room is open from an early hour in the morning until 10 o'clock in the evening.

August 1, 1833.

Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank.

Pittsburgh, July 24th, 1833.

THIS Institution will be opened for business this day.

Discount days, Mondays and Thursdays. Notes must be offered on Saturday and Wednesday.

July 26, 1833.—tf.

MRS. BARLOW would be willing to receive into her family, three young Ladies, for Board and Tuition, in French, Italian, Music, for the Piano and Guitar, Drawing, English Grammar, Geography, History, Arithmetic, and Writing. For the latter branches, Mrs. B. will have the assistance of a competent English teacher.

Terms, $200 per annum, to be paid quarterly in advance.

Mignonnette, Bank of the Ohio, May 21.

New Theatre, Pittsburgh.

THE Public is respectfully informed, that this ELEGANT NEW THEATRE, at present building, in Fifth Street, will be opened for the Season, under the management of the subscriber, with a Dramatic Company not surpassed by any in the Union, on Monday, the Second of September, 1833.

The building has been substantially erected, by those well known Mechanics, Messrs. *Roseburg, Reynolds, Scott, & McCulloch*, after a plan drawn by John Havilaud, Esq., of Philadelphia, whose justly acquired fame as an Architect will be increased by the style and Beauty of the Present Edifice.

A first rate London Artist has been employed, for the last three months, in preparing the *Dresses* especially for this Theatre, which, in point of

ELEGANCE AND SPLENDOR,

Will equal, if not surpass those belonging to the Metropolitan Theatres of New York, or Philadelphia.

THE SCENERY

Has been designed and executed by Mr. J. R. Smith, a young Artist of great talent, and whose productions may challenge comparison with those of the most distinguished Scene Painters of the day.

THE MACHINERY

Has been entrusted to the care of Mr. Stafford, late of the Philadelphia Theatres, and the direction of the

MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT

Will be placed under the Superintendence of Mr. Hoffner, of the Chesnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia.

In addition to the exertions of the Regular Company, most of whom are advantageously known in the Eastern Theatres, the Manager has great pride and pleasure in informing the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has engaged, at great expense, the celebrated American Tragedian

MR. E. FORREST,

Who will have the honor of appearing before them at an early period, of which due notice will be given. Negotiations have already been entered into with the most distinguished Performers of the American Stage, who will appear in rapid succession—among others,

MR. & MRS. HILSON,
MISS CLARA FISHER,
MRS. KNIGHT,
MR. J. R. SCOTT,

Also, Mr. PARSLOE, of the Theatre, Covent Garden, London, &c. &c. &c.

In making these arrangements, the subscriber has used every exertion in his power to render THE THEATRE a place of rational amusement---

"To raise the genius and to mend the heart;
Shew Virtue her own features;
Vice her own image;
The age and body of the time, his form and pressure."

And he throws himself confidently on the liberality of the citizens of Pittsburgh for support.

FRAS. C. WEMYSS,
Lessee Pittsburgh Theatre.

July 19, 1833—tf.

New & Valuable Publications.

VOLUME 4, *Condensed Chancery Reports.*—Reports of Cases decided in the High Court of Chancery, in England; edited by E. D. Ingraham, Esq., Counsellor at Law—containing the cases decided by Lord Elden, Lord Chancellor, Sir Thomas Plumer, Master of the Rolls, and Sir John Leach, Vice Chancellor, as reported by Mr. Jacob and by Lord Lyndhurst, Lord Chancellor, Sir John Leach, Master of the Rolls, and Sir Launcelot Shadwell, Vice Chancellor, as reported by Messrs. Russell and Mylne, in the first volume of their reports.

Sale's Koran—the Koran, commonly called the Alcoran of Mohammed—translated into English, immediately from the original Arabic, with explanatory notes, taken from the most approved commentators; to which is prefixed a preliminary Discourse, by George Lale, Gent., with a memoir of the translator, and with various readings and illustrative notes from Lavary's version of the Koran: first American edition, 2 vols., 8vo.

Commentaries on the Constitution of the United States, with a Preliminary Review of the Constitutional History of the Colonies and States, before the adoption of the Constitution. By Joseph Story, L. L. D., Dane Professor of Law in the Harvard University: 1 vol., 8vo.

A system of Universal Geography, Popular and Scientific, comprizing a Physical, Political, and Statistical account of the world, in its various divisions, embracing numerous sketches from recent travels, and illustrated by engravings of manners, costumes, curiosities, cities, edifices, remarkable animals, fruits, trees, and plants. By S. G. Goodrich: 1 vol., 8vo.

Chronology: or an Introduction and Index to Universal History, Biography, and Useful Knowledge; to which is added Valpy's Poetical Retrospect, Literary Chronology, and the latest Statistical Views of the World, with a Chart of History: in 1 vol.

The Principles of Christian Philosophy, containing the Doctrines, Duties, Admonitions, and Consolations of the Christian Religion: by John Burns, M. D. F. R. S. First Amer. Ed. 1 vol.

Saturday Evening: by the Author of Nat. Hist. of Enthusiasm. Third American Ed., 1 vol.

The New American Gardener; containing Practical Directions on the culture of Fruits and Vegetables, including Landscape and Ornamental Gardening, Grape Vines, Silk, Strawberries, &c. &c. By Thomas G. Fessenden, editor of the New England Farmer: 7th Edition.

The Buccaneer—a Tale: by Mrs. S. C. Hall, Author of "Sketches of Irish Character," &c. &c., in 2 vols.

Boys' and Girls' Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge; vols. 9, 10, and 11, containing Tales from American History; by the Author of American Lessons, &c., each volume comprizing a distinct subject and complete in itself, with numerous engravings.

Gallery of the Graces, a series of Portrait Illustrations of the most distinguished Poets and Prose Writers of Great Britain, engraved under the superintendence of W. & E. Finden, from Paintings designated expressly for this Work, by the most eminent Artists: Nos. 3 and 4. Portraits of the principal female characters in the Waverley Novels, with illustrated Letter Press, Nos. 3 and 4.

Finden's Landscape Illustrations to Murray's first complete and uniform edition of the Life and Works of Lord Byron, Nos. 1—13. The three above Works are most elegantly got up.

The above are just received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,
No. 44 Market street.

P. S. All the new Publications received as soon as published.

July 23, 1833.—tf.

SMITH & MELLOR,

TEACHERS OF MUSIC on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, Singing, Flute, Violin, and Violincello. Pupils on the Piano Forte, Organ, Guitar, and Singing, will be instructed at their dwellings, or at the Music Room of the subscribers. For terms, &c., apply at their Music Store, No. 9 Fifth street, between Wood and Market. SMITH & MELLOR.

June 21, 1833—tf

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

REMOVAL.

S. J. SYLVESTER takes this opportunity to return his acknowledgments to his customers for their very liberal support, and asks a continuance of their custom, at his new stand, on the corner of Wood and Third streets, recently occupied by Messrs. Holdship & Son, who have declined the Book Business in his favor. To the customers of Messrs. Holdship, he would say that an extensive assortment of every article in the Book and Stationery Business will be found at his store, at the lowest possible rates.

☞ Country Merchants will find a more extensive assortment of Books than in any other establishment, and at lower prices than at any other store in the western country, on the most liberal terms. S. J. SYLVESTER,

Corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

April 2, 1833.

GEORGE COCHRAN, OF R'D,

WILL be prepared to receive Consignments of American Manufactures and Produce, at the Domestic Warehouse, No. 26, Wood street. He intends transacting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will use his best exertions to render his establishment useful to the Merchant, Manufacturer, and others, who favor nim with their business. He will be constantly supplied with ageneral assortment of DOMESTIC GOODS, at Wholesale, on the most favorable terms.

☞ The partnership of COCHRAN & IRWIN was dissolved on the 1st instant, by mutual consent.

Pittsburgh, January 11, 1833.—tf

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission

WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22---tf

☞ *Building Materials and Workmen*

WANTED.

PROPOSALS will be received, by the Commissioners of the Western Penitentiary, on or before Friday, the 5th inst., for supplying the following quantity and kinds of building materials.

BRICKS.

100 thousand good, hard, well burnt bricks.

STONE.

2 thousand perches of select building stone.

LIME.

5 thousand bushels of well wood burnt stone lime.

SAND.

20 thousand bushels of good, clean river sand.

LUMBER.

50 thousand feet inch measure of two inch white oak plank;

25 thousand feet inch measure 3 by 5 inch white oak scantling;

30 thousand feet, inch measure, of common white pine sap boards;

5 hundred common rafters, 27 feet long, 3 by 5 inches, of white pine or hemlock;

100 thousand common white pine shingles;

20 thousand common four feet plastering laths;

15 thousand feet, inch measure, of two inch common hemlock, or white pine plank.

CAST IRON.

240 thousand pounds of door jambs, sky lights, ventillators, breckets, water pipes, &c., as per patterns and drawings.

WROUGHT IRON.

200 plates of ¼ inch boiler iron, 2 by 5 feet; 20 tons of bar iron, as per bill of dimensions.

WORKMEN.

A few first rate bricklayers and masons are wanted, to whom good wages and constant employment will be given, on being found competent. Also, a Blacksmith, of ability and industry.

Any information may be obtained of the subscriber, at the Prison, or Exchange Hotel.

JOHN HAVILAND, Architect.

☞ The Mercury and Advocate will insert the above until forbidden. April 2---tf

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'Kee, Clarke & Co. } Pittsburgh.
Jas. Adams, Jr. & Co. }
Hamilton Stewart, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.---tf.

SATIN BEAVER
HAT MANUFACTORY,

NO. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

WILSON & SMITH, from N. York,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Pittsburgh and the neighboring towns, that they have commenced the manufacture of the above beautiful and elegant article, so much admired and worn throughout Europe, and the principal cities in the United States.

W. & S. beg leave to observe, that, after various experiments, they have at last succeeded in bringing this Hat to the highest state of perfection, and they can assert, with confidence, that in point of color, lightness, elasticity, durability, and general beauty of appearance, they cannot be surpassed by the most expensive Hat that is made. Gentlemen are invited to call and examine them, and judge for themselves.

Wholesale Dealers supplied at the same prices as in the New York markets.

April 23—1y

ABSCONDED from the Clinton Paper Mill, Steubenville, ABRAHAM WILLARD, an indented apprentice to Henry Holdship & Son.

All persons are cautioned against employing, harboring, or trusting him, as we will pay no debts of his contracting.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

June 21, 1833.

OFFICE

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF GOLD, SILVER, AND NOTES.

WANTED, AT HIGH PREMIUMS,

American Gold,	Guineas,
Sovereigns,	Ducats,
Doubloons,	Napoleons,
Guilders,	Len Thalers,
Louisd'ors,	Johannes.

Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at the lowest rates:

Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

Interest allowed on Special Deposits.

Certificates issued payable in 30, 60, or 70 days after date, with interest.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Oct. 23 Exchange Broker.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19---tf.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.

Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET.

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830 tf.

TO RENT,

THE Two Three Story Brick Stores, erected by the subscriber, in Wood street, on Sturgeon's Lots. Possession given on the first of April. Apply to GEORGE A. COOK,

March 22. No. 68, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, } tf
December 9, 1831. }

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers. W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829---tf. *Executors.*

A CARD.

DOCTOR HEWETSON, Licentiate of the Royal College of Edinburgh, has commenced the practice of Physic and Surgery, in this city. Office in Fourth street, next door to the Museum.

☞ Advice given gratis, to the Poor, from 8 to 10 o'clock on Tuesday and Friday mornings.

July 19, 1833---6w

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞ *WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

Utica, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26 tf.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830---tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H. Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823---tf

25 HHDS. N. O. Sugar;
30 bbls. Molasses;
75 Bales Tennessee & Alabama Cotton;
200 bbls. Loaf Sugar;
40 do. Tar;
12 bbls. Sweet Malaga Wine;
1200 Tennessee Blooms;

In store, and for sale, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 25.---tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm o LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d- Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,---all sizes.

Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829---tf.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Thompson & Miller, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present the same for settlement.

ROBERT THOMPSON,
THOMAS MILLER.

Jan. 1st, 1833.

The business will be continued, in future, by Robert Thompson & John Scott, Jr., under the firm of

THOMPSON & SCOTT,

At the old stand, No. 81 Wood, between Fourth street and Diamond alley, where will be constantly kept a general and choice assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

☞The subscriber, on retiring from the above firm of Thompson & Miller, takes pleasure in recommending his successors, Thompson & Scott, to the patronage o the old customers, and the public generally. THOMAS MILLER.

Feb. 19, 1833,—tf.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership formerly existing between the Subscribers, under the name and firm of S. C. BEVER & CO., was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 5th instant.

All persons who are indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to C. Bever, who is duly authorized to receive and receipt for the same; and all persons having claims against said firm, are requested to present the same to S. C. Bever. S. C. BEVER,
WILLIAM EBERHART.

☞The business will, hereafter, be carried on by the Subscribers, under the firm of BEVER & WOLTZ, who solicit a share of the public patronage and custom.

S. C. BEVER,
G. B. WOLTZ,

Brownsville, July 12, 1833.—tf

Notice to Creditors, &c.

SAMUEL STEVENSON, of the city of Pittsburgh, Merchant, having assigned all his Goods, Merchandise, Accounts, and Effects to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors, as named in his deed of Assignment. All persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against him, will present them for settlement.

WILLIAM BELL, Jr.
JOHN ALEXANDER,
THOMAS STEVENSON.

August 14—tf

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back bnildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

TO COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SYLVESTER has on hand, at manufacturers' prices, an extensive assortment of

Cap Writing Paper, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Letter do do 1, 2, and 3;
Printing Paper, of all sizes and qualities;
Tea and Wrapping Paper, at manufacturers' prices;

Rags, Tanners' Scraps, and Scutching Tow, taken in exchange for Paper, or Cash will be given, when required, at S. J. SYLVESTER'S,

Late H. Holdship & Son, corner of Wood and Third streets. April 2.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, South Front street,

PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18---tf

BRITISH LUSTRE,

For Polishing Stoves & Grates.

THIS LUSTRE, with a little rubbing, will produce a brilliancy highly ornamental; and, when once obtained, may be easily preserved.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
March 22---tf No. 42 Market street.

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ELIXER.

ONE of the most agreeable and efficacious Medicines ever discovered for the permanent cure of those chronic states of derangement of the stomach, constituting that miserable disease called Dyspepsia.

The basis of this Elixer is vegetables, and perfectly innocent in its operation; it destroys that sour state of the stomach, the instant it is taken, and stops the morbid secretion, by giving strength to the muscular fibre of that important organ, by which means the peristaltic motion of the intestines is increased, and the costiveness obviated; a new action is given to the system, which puts an end to a train of distressing nervous sensations.

Another form of the disease in which the Elixer is admirably calculated to relieve, is the decline of fever, where the stomach will not bear the ordinary strengthening medicines indicated in such cases, it has the surprising effect of giving vigor, and restoring the natural secretions of the body, without increasing the febrile state. Not the least danger is to be apprehended from exposure to cold, while under the use of this medicine, nor will it interrupt necessary employment of the patient a single hour.

☞A number of cases of cures performed by the Anti-Dyspeptic Elixer in the vicinity of Pittsburgh can be given.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street. August 24, 1832.—tf

E. HALE,
SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.

March 10, 1832.—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT,

A SAFE and Valuable Medicine for Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, and Liver Complaints.

Most of the medicines made use of for the above diseases are of a stimulating nature, composed generally of Resins and Balsams, in alcoholic solutions, which, although sometimes giving temporary relief, in almost every instance where they are freely used, aggravate the disease, and reduce the strength of the patient.

This article possesses superior advantages over these preparations, its action being of a tonic, invigorating and strengthening nature, thus overcoming the disease by promoting expectoration, and gradually increasing the strength of the patient, and thus, without being attended with any unpleasant effects: it also agrees with the stomach, in all cases, and is a pleasant medicine to take.

Sold by

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
No. 42 Market Street.

Dec. 4, 1832.---tf

CANVASSED HAMS.

JUST received, in superior order, 1000 CANVASSED HAMS—for sale by

JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.,
Nov. 13—tf Water street.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

TYPE FOUNDRY.

HAVING purchased of Mr. Richard Ronaldson, his long established and very extensive Type Foundry, the subscribers have formed a co-partnership for the purpose of continuing said business, and for the convenience of their friends and patrons, have removed their establishment to a more central part of the city. As it is their intention to keep on hand a good assortment of the best type, and to make such additions and improvements as the taste of the trade and the wants of the country require, they flatter themselves that this establishment will merit a large share of patronage. They have now several founts on hand, which can be furnished at a few hours' notice, and are prepared to make founts of all weights and sizes, from Pearl to 22 lines Pica, including a variety of Ornamental Letter. Their assortment of Cuts, Dashes, Brass Rule, and other Ornaments, will be found to be very extensive, of which specimens will be forwarded to Printers as soon as they can be prepared.

Printing Presses of every description, Printing Ink of the most approved qualities, Composing Sticks, Brass and Common Galleys, Chases, Imposing Stones, Cases, Paper and Press Boards, Standing Presses, Furniture, together with a complete assortment of all articles used in a Printing Office, will be kept constantly on hand.

Small founts, suitable for Book Binders, in great variety, may be had when called for.

Orders from all parts in the Union will be promptly and most carefully attended to, and particularly in supplying *sorts* for all founts furnished by their predecessors, Binny & Ronaldson, and Richard Ronaldson.

JOHNSTON & SMITH,
No. 6, George street.

Philad. Feb. 18, 1833.

N. B. A good Washington Super Royal Press, and 3 Standing Presses, in good order—together with several founts of 2d hand type, will be sold low.

Stereotyping, in all its branches, executed by L. Johnson, as heretofore.

March 19.